

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Weshington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.			FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR Yu Wang	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
	09/682,519	09/13/2001			040489-0177	2614
	22428	7590	07/11/2002			
	FOLEY A		DNER	EXAMINER		
	SUITE 500 3000 K ST	REET NW			DONOVAN, LINCOLN D	
	WASHINGTON, DC 20007			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
					2832	
				DATE MAIL ED: 07/11/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. 09/682,519

Applicant(s)

Examiner

r Art Unit Lincoln Donovan 28

Wang et al.

Office Action Summary

	Lincom Donovan						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appear	s on the cover sheet with the corres	spondence address					
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	T TO EXPIRE3 MONTH	H(S) FROM					
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will by and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.)	e considered timely. ng date of this communication. S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) X Responsive to communication(s) filed on May 6,	2002						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is FINAL .	ction is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance closed in accordance with the practice under Ex p							
Disposition of Claims							
4) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1-38</u>	is/are	e pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above, claim(s) 23-38	is/ar	e withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s)		is/are allowed.					
6) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1-22</u>		is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s)		is/are objected to.					
8) Claims	are subject to restric	ction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers							
9) \square The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/at	re a) \square accepted or b) \square objecte	ed to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply		b) \square disapproved by the Examiner.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exam	miner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).					
a) □ All b) □ Some* c) □ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents ha	ive been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents ha							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bur *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the second s	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	this National Stage					
14)☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domesti		(e)					
a) The translation of the foreign language provision							
15) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)	•						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper	No(s)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application	(PTO-152)					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	6) Other:						

Application/Control Number: 09/682,519 Page 2

Art Unit: 2832

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 7-11, 14 and 19-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Laskaris et al. [US 6,198,371] in view of Kim [US 6,336,794].

Laskaris et al. disclose an open magnet assembly with a floor mount comprising:

- a first assembly [12] mounted about a first longitudinally-extending and generally-vertically-aligned axis including:
 - at least one superconducting main coil [24] positioned around the axis; and
 - a vacuum enclosure [26] enclosing the at least one superconductive main coil;
- a second assembly [14] mounted about a second longitudinally-extending and generally-vertically-aligned axis coaxially aligned with the first axis and spaced longitudinally apart from and disposed below the first assembly, the second assembly including:
 - at least one superconducting main coil [30] positioned around the axis; and
 - a vacuum enclosure [62] enclosing the at least one superconductive main coil;
- at least one support beam [16, 18] external to the first and second vacuum enclosures having a first end attached to the first assembly and a second end attached to the second assembly; and

Application/Control Number: 09/682,519

Art Unit: 2832

- a support apparatus [20] supporting both assemblies from a floor [42].

Laskaris et al. discloses the instant claimed invention except for the support apparatus providing vibration isolation and the specific isolation system used.

Kim discloses an vibration isolation system [figure 1] with a plurality of isolators [40] for a piece of machinery [10].

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a vibration isolation system for the support structure of Laskaris et al., as suggested by Kim, for the purpose of reducing vibration of the open magnet assembly.

Kim discloses the vibration isolation system mounted on a floor assembly [50] supporting a support member [30] supporting the machinery away from the floor structure [figure 1].

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the isolation support mounting design of Kim in Laskaris et al., as modified, for the purpose of isolating the device from the floor structure.

The specific footprint of the isolation system and its use as a retrofit would have been obvious design considerations for the purpose of reducing space usage and costs.

3. Claims 2-4, 12-13, 15-17 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Laskaris et al. in view of Kim as applied to claims 1, 7-11, 14 above, and further in view of Ohsaki [US 6,202,492].

Laskaris et al., as modified, discloses the instant claimed invention except for the isolators being adjustable and actively pneumatically controlled.

Application/Control Number: 09/682,519 Page 4

Art Unit: 2832

Ohsaki discloses a surface [6] being supported by adjustable actively controlled pneumatic

isolators [4a-d, column 5, lines 1-12].

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was

made to the isolator design of Ohsaki for the isolators of Laskaris et al., as modified, for the purpose

of accommodating variations in the operating environment.

The specific frequencies, Q-factors, bandwidth, etc. of the control would have been obvious

design considerations based on the specific application and environment of use.

4. Claims 5-6 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Laskaris

et al., as modified, as applied to claim 1 and 14 above, and further in view of Braun [US 4,781,363].

Laskaris et al., as modified, discloses the instant claimed invention except for the use of

balance weights on the isolators.

Braun discloses the use of balance weights [9] mounted on an isolator.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was

made to use balance weights on the isolators of Laskaris et al., as modified, for the purpose of

accommodating unexpected balance shifts.

It would have been obvious to have the amount of weight applied be adjustable for the

purpose of accommodating varying operating environments.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 05-06-02 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Application/Control Number: 09/682,519

Art Unit: 2832

Applicant argues:

[1]: Laskaris teaches away from applicant's claimed invention since the MRI system must be

rigidly fixed to the floor to reduce vibration;

[2]: Kim does not provide motivation to add vibration isolation system to an MRI assembly;

and

[3]: Kim is non-analogous art.

The examiner disagrees:

Regarding [1]: Laskaris teaches the use of a skirt to support the MRI system. Laskaris does

not teach that the skirt is used for vibration reduction. The vibration reduction system design of Kim

suppresses vibration. Applicant has not claimed, nor has examiner considered, any structural

differentiation between the vibration reduction design of Laskaris, as modified by Kim, and the

invention as claimed. Applicant merely claims "a vibration isolation system." As argued by applicant

[applicant arguments, page 4], the support ring of Laskaris would perform this function.

Regarding [2]: Applicant and Kim show systems to reduce vibration. A skilled artisan would

have been motivated to seek solutions, such as Kim, to isolate machinery from vibrations.

Regarding [3]: In response to applicant's argument that Kim is nonanalogous art, it has been

held that a prior art reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if not, then be

reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was concerned, in order to

be relied upon as a basis for rejection of the claimed invention. See In re Oetiker, 977 F.2d 1443, 24

Page 5

Application/Control Number: 09/682,519

Page 6

Art Unit: 2832

USPQ2d 1443 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, both applicant and Kim seek to isolate machinery from

vibration.

Conclusion

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office

action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is

reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS

from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the

mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the

THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the

date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be

calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory

period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Examiner Lincoln Donovan whose telephone number is (703) 308-3111.

The fax number for this Group is (703)308-7724.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0956.

LDD

July 7, 2002